

## PART II

## SECTION 1 B

## APPENDIX 5

## IMPERIAL MEASUREMENTS

The Laws express all measurements in metres or millimetres. Imperial measurements are acceptable and for the purposes of the Laws the following table of equivalence should be used:

Millimetres	Inches
15	$\frac{5}{8}$
20	$\frac{3}{4}$
25	1
28	$1\frac{1}{8}$
40	$1\frac{1}{2}$
58	$2\frac{1}{4}$
64	$2\frac{1}{2}$
68	$2\frac{3}{8}$
70	$2\frac{3}{4}$
75	3
220	$8\frac{3}{8}$
230	9
280	11
290	$11\frac{3}{8}$

Millimetres	Feet	Inches
380	1	3
420	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
490	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$
530	1	9
570	1	$10\frac{1}{2}$
680	2	$2\frac{3}{4}$
720	2	$4\frac{1}{2}$
760	2	6
950	3	$1\frac{1}{2}$
990	3	3
Metres	Feet	Inches
1.100	3	$7\frac{1}{4}$
1.524	5	
1.550	5	1
1.980	6	6
2.530	8	$3\frac{3}{4}$
3.880	12	$8\frac{3}{4}$
4.640	15	3
5.180	17	
6.100	20	
13.400	44	